

March 29, 1996

RECOMMENDED NATIVE GRASSES AND LEGUMES FOR REVEGETATING DISTURBED LANDS IN THE GREEN AREA

Special Note:

In addition to controlling erosion, native species are used for revegetation mainly to maintain the genetic integrity of a site's native vegetation and to ensure the habitat is appropriate for wildlife after reclamation. These aims reflect the department's objective of managing resources in keeping with a landscape's ecology. The following lists of native grasses and legumes are specific to the designated natural regions and subregions of Alberta (see map for *Natural Regions and Subregions of Alberta*, 1994. Environmental Protection, Edmonton; also Appendix A). These plant species are indicated as natives for their particular subregions by *A Guide to Using Native Plants on Disturbed Lands*. (Gerling, H. S. et al., 1996. Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development, Edmonton).

Seed mixes that are constituted for particular natural subregions must be based on the pertinent native grasses and legumes species list that follows. Other species not listed may be used in the seed mix, if the *Guide* indicates that the species is native to that subregion, and the appropriate Forest Ranger District Office approves the use of that native species on the specified site. The Forest Officer may require proof that the species in the seed mix purchased are indeed native, before seeding can proceed.

A seed mix (and seeding rate) should be chosen to meet the disturbed site's specific conditions (soil moisture, soil texture, aspect, slope steepness, etc.). Also consider the growth forms, growth habits and relative seed sizes for the species in the seed mix. Each mix should contain, where possible, four or five species of native grasses from at least three different genera, and preferably one or two species of native legumes that comprise about 15 percent of the number of seeds.

The seeding rate (number of live seeds per species per m²) should be predetermined for the

site, in order to calculate for each species its proportion by weight of the seeds in the seed mix. (Note that commercial quantities of seeds for the species on these lists were confirmed to exist, according to a 1994 survey by Public Lands Branch, Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development.)

Reed grasses (*Calamagrostis* sp.), especially bluejoint (*C. canadensis*), have caused problems on reforestation sites by completely dominating clearings in woodlands (mesic to subhygric sites). Therefore, these species should not be included in reclamation seed mixes for the Green Area. The introduced subspecies smooth brome (*Bromus inermis* ssp. *inermis*), which is highly invasive of natural habitats, should not be confused with the recommended native subspecies pumpelly brome (*B. pumpellianus*, ssp.), which is on the lists. There may be situations where site conditions require a nurse crop to be seeded. In such cases, an annual grass or annual cereal crop that will die out completely after the first growing season may be added to the native species seed mix. Preferably, the nurse crop should be seeded late enough in the growing season to ensure that no propagules will live to grow in the next growing season.

The 1000-seed weights for most of the species are shown in Appendix B only as a guide. The weight will vary for a species depending on the natural subregion from which the seeds originated. Seed vendors should indicate the accurate weights per 1000 seeds from their inventories, so that the exact proportions of species can be determined for each seed mix.

The lists apply in the Green Area, excluding a 1-km buffer zone that extends inward from the boundaries with the White Area.

NATIVE GRASSES AND LEGUMES LISTS FOR THE GREEN AREA NATURAL SUBREGIONS

SPECIES LIST # 1: Central Mixedwood, Wetland Mixedwood and Peace River Lowlands Subregions

Grasses

Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Elymus canadensis, Canada wild rye
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass
Oryzopsis pungens, northern rice grass
Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mtn. fescue
Koeleria macrantha, June grass

Deschampsia cespitosa, tufted hair grass
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Oryzopsis asperifolia,
white-grained mountain rice grass

Legumes

Vicia americana, wild vetch
Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum

SPECIES LIST # 2: Dry Mixedwood Subregion

Grasses

Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mnt. fescue
Koeleria macrantha, June grass
Bromus anomalus, nodding brome
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass

Agropyron dasystachyum, northern wheat grass
Agropyron smithii, western wheat grass

Legumes

Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Vicia americana, wild vetch

SPECIES LIST # 3: Boreal Highlands and Sub-Arctic Subregions, and Athabasca Plain and Kazan Uplands Subregions

3A. Aspen-Balsam Poplar-White Spruce Reference Vegetation

Grasses

Festuca altaica, northern rough fescue
Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Agropyron dasystachyum, northern wheat grass
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass
Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mnt. fescue
Oryzopsis pungens, northern rice grass
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome

Elymus canadensis, Canada wild rye
Oryzopsis asperifolia,
white-grained mountain rice grass

Legumes

Vicia americana, wild vetch
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling

3B. Black Spruce and White Spruce Reference Vegetation (in Sub-Arctic Subregion)

Grasses

Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass
Oryzopsis pungens, northern rice grass
Alopecurus occidentalis, alpine foxtail
Deschampsia cespitosa, tufted hair grass
Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum

Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mnt. fescue
Phleum commutatum, mountain timothy

Legumes

Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Vicia americana, wild vetch

SPECIES LIST # 4: Alpine Subregion

Grasses

Festuca altaica, northern rough fescue
Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mnt fescue
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass
Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Festuca campestris, rough fescue
Agropyron violaceum,
broad-glumed wheat grass (Mountaineer)*
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass (Glacier)*
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass (Blueridge)*

Agropyron violaceum, broad-glumed wheat grass
Poa glauca, timberline bluegrass
Phleum commutatum, mountain timothy

Legumes

Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum
Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum**
Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum

*Alberta Environmental Centre/Reclamation Research Technical Advisory Committee special native grass selection for reclamation in the mountains and foothills region.

**Wild Rose Consulting Inc./Reclamation Research Technical Advisory Committee special native legume collection for reclamation in the mountains and foothills region.

SPECIES LIST # 5: Sub-Alpine Subregion

Grasses

Festuca campestris, rough fescue
Stipa richardsonii, Richardson needle grass
Bromus carinatus, keeled brome
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass
Bromus pumpellianus ssp., pumpelly brome
Festuca idahoensis, bluebunch fescue
Stipa columbiana, Columbia needle grass
Poa cusickii, early bluegrass
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass (Glacier)*
Poa alpina, alpine bluegrass (Blueridge)*
Phleum commutatum, mountain timothy

Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Koeleria macrantha, June grass

Legumes

Lupinus sericeus, silky perennial lupine
Astragalus crassicaarpus, ground-plum
Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Astragalus alpinus, alpine milk vetch**
Oxytropis monticola, late yellow locoweed**
Oxytropis splendens, showy locoweed**

*See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4 **See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4

SPECIES LIST # 6: Montane Subregion

Grasses

Festuca campestris, rough fescue
Bromus carinatus, keeled brome
Keoheria macrantha, June grass
Bromus pumpellianus ssp., pumpelly brome
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Agropyron dasystachyum, northern wheat grass
Agropyron subsecundum/trachycaulum,
awned/slender wheat grass
Agropyron smithii, western wheat grass
Oryzopsis asperifolia,
white-grained mountain rice grass
Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Agropyron subsecundum, bearded wheat grass
(Hillcrest)*
Agropyron trachycaulum, slender wheat grass
(Highlander)*

Festuca saximontana, Rocky Mnt. fescue
Poa cusickii, early bluegrass
Elymus glaucus, smooth wild rye

Legumes

Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum
Vicia americana, wild vetch
Astragalus americanus, American milk vetch
Lupinus argenteus, silvery perennial lupine
Lupinus sericeus, silky perennial lupine
Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum**
Oxytropis splendens, showy locoweed**
Oxytropis monticola, late yellow locoweed**

----- *See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4 **See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4
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SPECIES LIST # 7: Upper Foothills Subregion

Grasses

Deschampsia cespitosa, tufted hair grass
Festuca altaica, northern rough fescue
Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Bromus pumpellianus ssp., pumpelly brome
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Festuca campestris, rough fescue
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass

Legumes

Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum
Vicia americana, wild vetch
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum
Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum**

----- **See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4
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SPECIES LIST # 8: Lower Foothills Subregion

8A. Treed areas

Grasses

Elymus innovatus, hairy wild rye
Oryzopsis asperifolia, white-grained
mountain rice grass
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Trisetum spicatum, spike trisetum
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass
Deschampsia cespitosa, tufted hair grass
Elymus glaucus, smooth wild rye grass

Legumes

Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum**
Oxytropis deflexa, reflexed locoweed**
Vicia americana, wild vetch
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Oxytropis monticola, late yellow locoweed**

8B. Grassy meadow areas (primarily Bragg Creek area and west of Turner Valley)

Grasses

Festuca campestris, rough fescue
Poa palustris, fowl bluegrass
Bromus ciliatus, fringed brome
Alopecurus occidentalis, alpine foxtail
Stipa richardsonii, Richardson needle grass
Agropyron dasystachyum, northern wheat grass
Koeleria campestris, June grass
Deschampsia cespitosa, tufted hair grass
Bromus anomalus, nodding brome
Poa cusickii, early bluegrass

Legumes

Hedysarum boreale, northern hedysarum**
Vicia americana, wild vetch
Oxytropis monticola, late yellow locoweed**
Oxytropis deflexa, reflexed locoweed**
Lupinus sericeus, silky perennial lupine
Lathyrus ochroleucus, cream-coloured vetchling
Hedysarum alpinum, alpine hedysarum
Astragalus crassicaarpus, ground-plum

----- **See footnote to SPECIES LIST # 4

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SPECIES LIST # 9: Foothills Parkland Subregion, and Foothills Fescue Subregion

Small areas of these two Subregions occur in the Green Area. Use Seed List for Montane Subregion (SPECIES LIST # 6).

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SPECIES LIST # 10: Peace River Parkland Subregion

A small area of this Subregion occurs in the Green Area. Use Seed List for Dry Mixedwood Subregion (SPECIES LIST # 2).

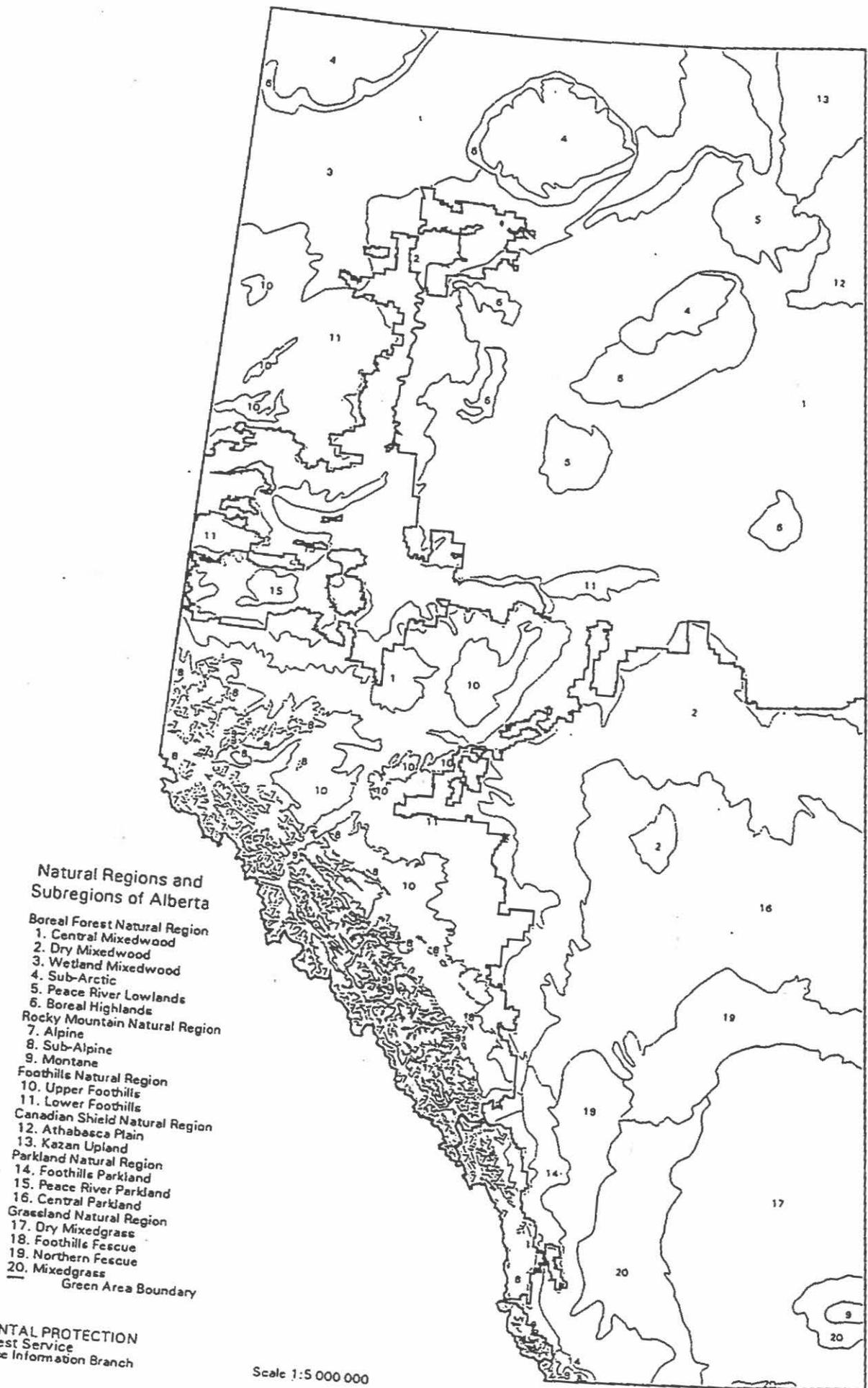
Appendix A: Natural Subregions and the Ecoregions equivalents in the Green Area

(Use with map on page 10 to determine equivalent species list for Ecoregions.)

Natural Region and Subregion	Ecoprovince and Ecoregion (Equivalent)	SPECIES LIST #
1. Boreal Forest	1. Boreal	
a. Central Mixedwood	a. Mid Boreal Mixedwood	1
b. Dry Mixedwood	b. Low Boreal Mixedwood	2
c. Wetland Mixedwood	c. Mid Boreal Mixedwood	1
d. Sub-Arctic	d. Boreal Sub-Arctic	3
e. Peace River Lowlands	e. Mid Boreal Mixedwood	1
f. Boreal Highlands	f. High Boreal Mixedwood	3
2. Rocky Mountain	2. Cordilleran	
a. Alpine	a. Alpine	4
b. Sub-Alpine	b. Sub-Alpine	5
c. Montane	c. Montane	6
3. Foothills	3. Boreal	
a. Upper Foothills	a. Upper Boreal Cordilleran	7
b. Lower Foothills	b. Lower Boreal Cordilleran	8
4. Canadian Shield	4. Boreal	
a. Athabasca Plain	a. High Boreal Mixedwood	3
b. Kazan Uplands	b. High Boreal Mixedwood	3
5. Parkland	5. Grassland/Boreal	
a. Foothills Parkland*	a. Aspen Parkland	6
b. Peace River Parkland**	b. Low Boreal Mixedwood	2
6. Grassland	6. Grassland	
a. Foothills Fescue*	a. Fescue Grass	6

* Only a small area of the Subregion occurs in the southwest region of the Green Area. Use seed mix for Montane (SPECIES LIST # 6) if necessary.

**Only a small area of the Subregion occurs in the Peace River region of the Green Area. Use seed mix for Dry Mixedwood (SPECIES LIST # 2) if necessary.



Appendix B: SOME NATIVE GRASSES AND LEGUMES SEED WEIGHTS

SPECIES		Seeds per gram	1000-seed weight (gm)
Grasses			
1. <i>Agropyron dasystachyum</i> ,	northern wheat grass	270	3.70
<i>Agropyron smithii</i> ,	western wheat grass	240	4.17
<i>Agropyron subsecundum</i> ,	awned wheat grass	242	4.13
<i>Agropyron trachycaulum</i> ,	slender wheat grass	267	3.75
<i>Agropyron violaceum</i> ,	broad-glumed wheat grass	244	4.10
<i>Agropyron subsecundum</i> ,	bearded wheat grass (Hillcrest)*	256	3.90
<i>Agropyron trachycaulum</i> ,	slender wheat grass (Highlander)*	286	3.50
<i>Agropyron violaceum</i> ,	broad-glumed wheat grass (Mountaineer)*	244	4.10
2. <i>Alopecurus occidentalis</i> ,	alpine foxtail	1135	0.88
3. <i>Bromus anomalus</i> ,	nodding brome	255	3.92
<i>Bromus carinatus</i> ,	keeled brome	95	10.5
<i>Bromus ciliatus</i> ,	fringed brome	300	3.33
<i>Bromus pumpellianus</i> , ssp.	pumpelly brome	280	3.57
4. <i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> ,	tufted hair grass	3125	0.32
5. <i>Elymus canadensis</i> ,	Canada wild rye	156	6.41
<i>Elymus glauca</i> ,	smooth wild rye	240	4.17
<i>Elymus innovatus</i> ,	hairy wild rye	390	2.56
6. <i>Festuca altaica</i> ,	northern rough fescue	735	1.36
<i>Festuca campestris</i> ,	rough fescue	644	1.55
<i>Festuca idahoensis</i> ,	bluebunch fescue	990	1.01
<i>Festuca saximontana</i> ,	Rocky Mountain fescue	1498	0.67
7 <i>Koeleria macrantha</i> ,	June grass	3333	0.30
8. <i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i> ,	white-grained mountain rice grass		
<i>Oryzopsis pungens</i> ,	northern rice grass		
9. <i>Phleum commutatum</i> ,	mountain timothy		
10. <i>Poa alpina</i> ,	alpine bluegrass	1961	0.51
<i>Poa cusickii</i> ,	early bluegrass	1408	0.71
<i>Poa glauca</i> ,	timberline bluegrass		
<i>Poa palustris</i> ,	fowl bluegrass		
<i>Poa alpina</i> ,	alpine bluegrass (Glacier)*	1961	0.51
<i>Poa alpina</i> ,	alpine bluegrass (Blueridge)*	2041	0.49
11. <i>Stipa columbiana</i> ,	Columbia needle grass	592	1.69
<i>Stipa richardsonii</i> ,	Richardson needle grass	578	1.73
12. <i>Trisetum spicatum</i> ,	spike trisetum	3571	0.28

Legumes

1. <i>Astragalus americanus</i> , <i>Astragalus crassicaarpus</i> , <i>Astragalus alpinus</i> ,	American milk vetch ground-plum alpine milk vetch**	222 200 526	4.50 5.00 1.90
2. <i>Hedysarum alpinum</i> , <i>Hedysarum boreale</i> , <i>Hedysarum boreale</i> ,	alpine hedysarum northern hedysarum northern hedysarum**	238 200 196	4.20 5.00 5.10
3. <i>Lathyrus ochroleucus</i> ,	cream-coloured vetchling	67	14.9
4. <i>Lupinus argenteus</i> , <i>Lupinus sericeus</i> ,	silvery perenial lupine silky perenial lupine	480 44	2.08 22.8
5. <i>Oxytropis monticola</i> , <i>Oxytropis deflexa</i> , <i>Oxytropis splendens</i> ,	late yellow locoweed** reflexed locoweed** showy locoweed**	667 1111 714	1.50 0.90 1.40
6. <i>Vicia americana</i> ,	wild vetch	82	12.2

Other native legumes** tested (see Appendix C)

1. <i>Astragalus americanus</i> , <i>Astragalus vexilliflexus</i> ,	American milk vetch few-flowered milk vetch	222 345	4.50 2.90
2. <i>Hedysarum alpinum</i> , <i>Hedysarum sulphurescens</i> ,	alpine hedysarum yellow hedysarum	238 164	4.20 6.10
3. <i>Lupinus nootkatensis</i> , <i>Lupinus sericeus</i> ,	Nootka lupine silky perenial lupine	79 44	12.7 22.5
4. <i>Oxytropis cusickii</i> , <i>Oxytropis sericea</i> , <i>Oxytropis viscida</i> ,	alpine locoweed early yellow locoweed viscid locoweed	357 50 556	2.80 20.0 1.80

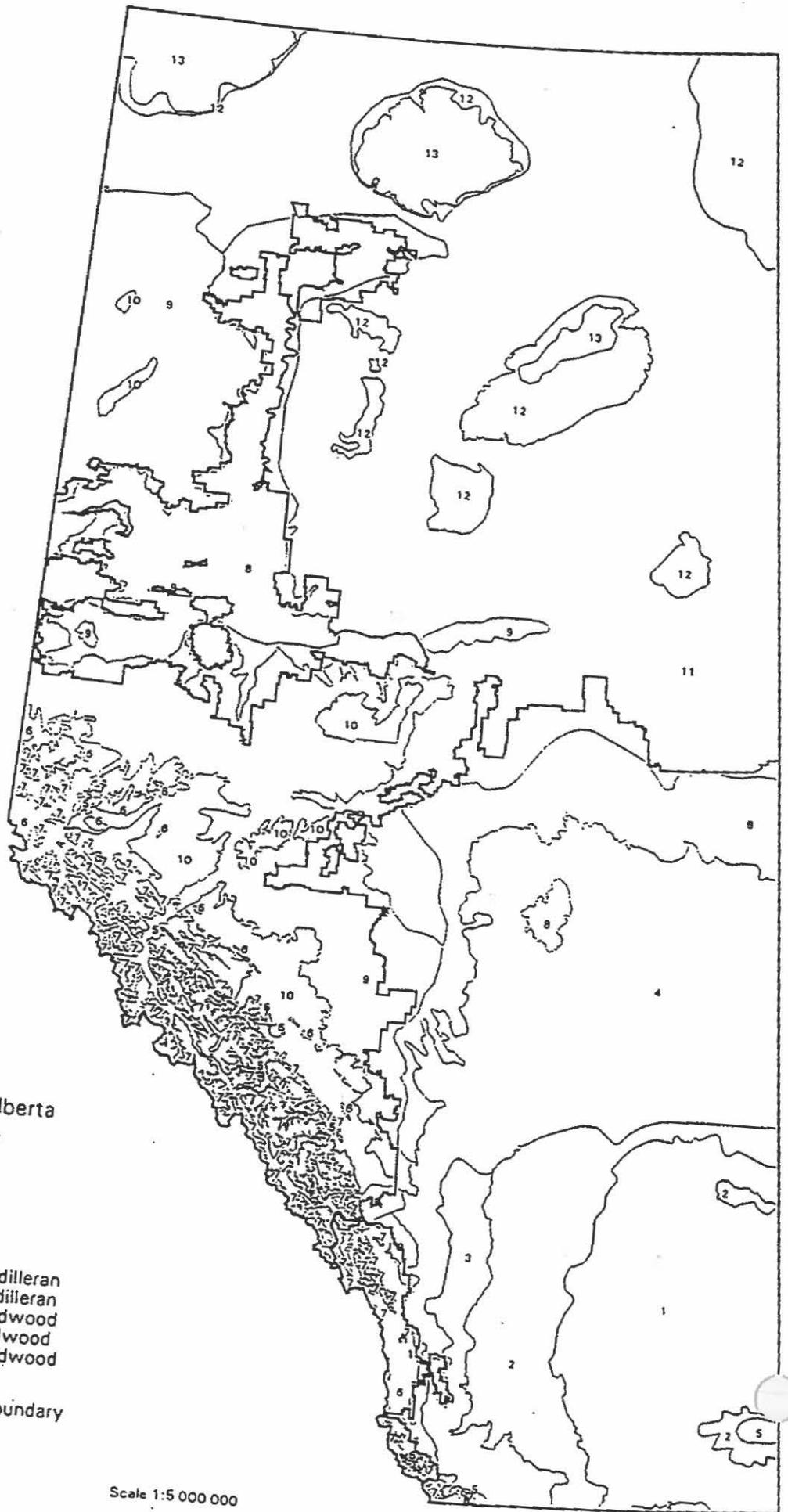
*Native grasses collected from the mountains and foothills and developed through selection by Alberta Environmental Centre/ Reclamation Research Technical Advisory Committee (AEC/RRTAC) for use in reclamation in the mountains and foothills.

**Native legumes collected from the mountains and foothills and tested in the field by Wild Rose Consulting, Inc./ Reclamation Research Technical Advisory Committee (WRC/RRTAC) for use in reclamation in the mountains and foothills.

Appendix C: Other Native Legumes Tested for Use in Reclamation

The following other native legume seeds were collected by Wild Rose Consulting Inc./Reclamation Research Technical Advisory Committee from the Rocky Mountains and the foothills and tested for use in reclamation. If seeds for these legumes are available, they may be included in the seed mixes as follows:

Species	Species List #	Natural Subregion
<i>Astragalus americanus</i> , American milk vetch	6	Montane
<i>Astragalus vexilliflexus</i> , few-flowered milk vetch	8	Lower Foothills
<i>Hedysarum alpinum</i> , alpine hedysarum	4,5,6,7,8	Alpine, Subalpine, Montane, Upper Foothills, Lower Foothills
<i>Hedysarum sulphurescens</i> , yellow hedysarum	4,5,6,7	Alpine, Subalpine, Montane, Upper Foothills
<i>Lupinus sericeus</i> , silky perennial lupine	5,6,8	Subalpine, Montane, Lower Foothills
<i>Oxytropis sericea</i> , early yellow locoweed	5,6	Subalpine, Montane
<i>Oxytropis viscida</i> , visia locoweed	5	Subalpine



SEE APPENDIX A

- Ecoregions of Alberta**
1. Dry Mixed Grass
 2. Mixed Grass
 3. Fescue Grass
 4. Aspen Parkland
 5. Montane
 6. Subalpine
 7. Alpine
 8. Lower Boreal Cordilleran
 9. Upper Boreal Cordilleran
 10. Low Boreal Mixedwood
 11. Mid Boreal Mixedwood
 12. High Boreal Mixedwood
 13. Boreal Subarctic
- Green Area Boundary

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
 Land and Forest Service
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Scale 1:5 000 000